Bayesian optimization of the PC algorithm for learning Gaussian Bayesian networks*

*Note: The full contents of this paper have been published in the volume *Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence 11160* (LNAI 11160)

Irene Córdoba  
*Departamento de Inteligencia Artificial*  
*Universidad Politécnica de Madrid*  
Madrid, Spain  
irene.cordoba@upm.es

Eduardo C. Garrido-Merchán  
*Departamento de Ingeniería Informática*  
*Universidad Autónoma de Madrid*  
Madrid, Spain  
eduardo.garrido@uam.es

Daniel Hernández-Lobato  
*Departamento de Ingeniería Informática*  
*Universidad Autónoma de Madrid*  
Madrid, Spain  
daniel.hernandez@uam.es

Concha Bielza  
*Departamento de Inteligencia Artificial*  
*Universidad Politécnica de Madrid*  
Madrid, Spain  
mcbielza@fi.upm.es

Pedro Larrañaga  
*Departamento de Inteligencia Artificial*  
*Universidad Politécnica de Madrid*  
Madrid, Spain  
plarranaga@fi.upm.es

Abstract—The PC algorithm is a popular method for learning the structure of Gaussian Bayesian networks. It carries out statistical tests to determine absent edges in the network. It is hence governed by two parameters: (i) The type of test, and (ii) its significance level. These parameters are usually set to values recommended by an expert. Nevertheless, such an approach can suffer from human bias, leading to suboptimal reconstruction results. In this paper we consider a more principled approach for choosing these parameters in an automatic way. For this we optimize a reconstruction score evaluated on a set of different Gaussian Bayesian networks. This objective is expensive to evaluate and lacks a closed-form expression, which means that Bayesian optimization (BO) is a natural choice. BO methods use a model to guide the search and are hence able to exploit smoothness properties of the objective surface. We show that the parameters found by a BO method outperform those found by a random search strategy and the expert recommendation. Importantly, we have found that an often overlooked statistical test provides the best over-all reconstruction results.

Index Terms—